Bézier Curves (Mathematica notebook: http://math.lbl.gov/~fomel/128A/Bezier.nb)

Bernstein Polynomials

Bézier curves of order *n* are defined with the help of the Bernstein polynomials:

$$b_k(t) = \binom{n}{k} t^k (1-t)^{n-k}, \quad 0 \le t \le 1$$



Bernstein polynomials for order 4:

The Bernstein polynomials are non-negative and sum up to one in the interval from 0 to 1.

Bézier Curves and Control Points

The definition of Bézier Curve:

$$\mathbf{x}(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \mathbf{x}_{k} \begin{pmatrix} n \\ k \end{pmatrix} t^{k} (1-t)^{n-k}$$



The dashed lines connect the first control point \mathbf{x}_0 with \mathbf{x}_1 and the last point \mathbf{x}_n with \mathbf{x}_{n-1} .

